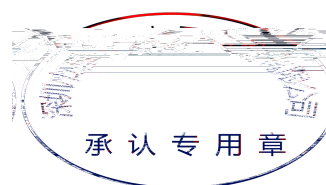
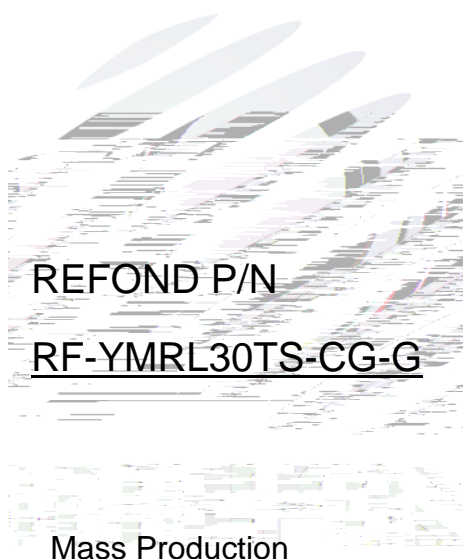
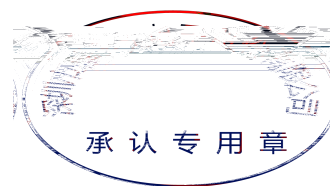


SPECIFICATION



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1. Description

1.1



The Yellow source color devices are made with AlGaInp on Substrate Light Emitting Diode .
 Product Package:3.50mmX2.80mmX3.50mm.

LED AlGaInp

: 3.50mmX2.80mmX3.50mm ◦

1.2Features

PLCC4 Package. PLCC4

Extremely wide viewing angle.

Suitable for all SMT assembly and solder process.

Available on tape and reel.

Moisture sensitivity level: Level 2.

Level2

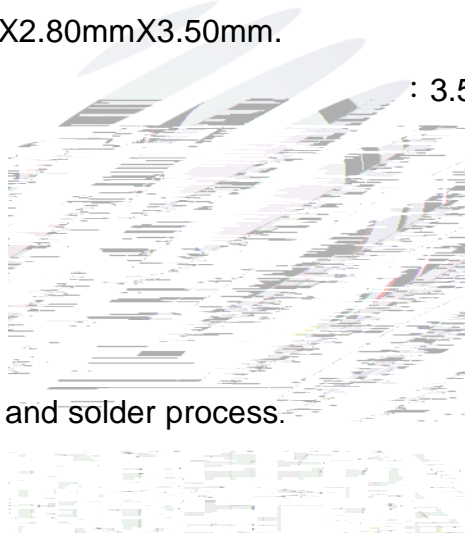
Compliance with RoHS and REACH. 符合RoHS和REACH要求

Qualifications: The product qualification test plan is based on the guidelines of AEC-Q101 Stress Test Qualification for Automotive Grade Discrete Semiconductors
 AEC-Q101

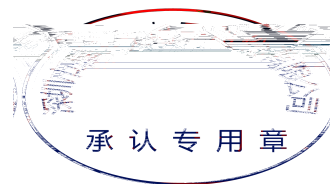
1.3Application

Automotive Interior Lighting. 汽 内 照明

Switches. 开关



SMT



1.4 Package Dimension

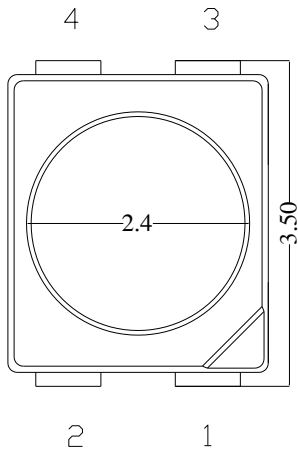


Fig.1-1 Top View

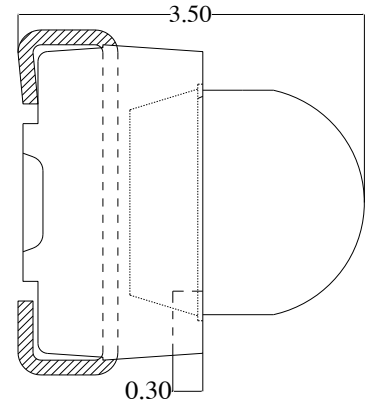


Fig.1-2 Side View

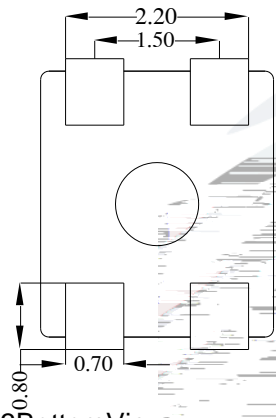


Fig.1-3 Bottom View

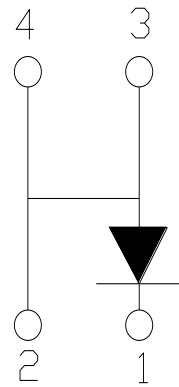


Fig.1-4 Polarity

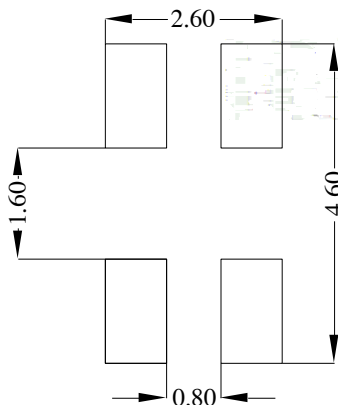
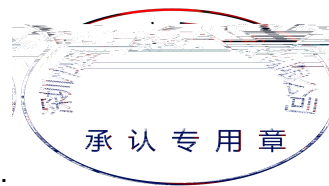


Fig.1-5 Soldering Patterns

Notes

1. All dimensions units are millimeters.
2. All dimensions tolerances are $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$ unless otherwise noted.



1.5 Product Parameters

Table 1-1 Electrical / Optical Characteristics at Ts=25°C

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F=50\text{mA}$	2.0	2.3	2.4	V
Reverse Current	I_R	$V_R=5\text{V}$	---	---	10	μA
Luminous Intensity	I_V	$I_F=50\text{mA}$	12000	17000	28000	mcd
Dominant wavelength	λ_d	$I_F=50\text{mA}$	587	592	597	nm

Viewing Angle

Table 1-2 Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ts=25°C

uty cycle, 0.1ms pulse width. 0.1ms, 1/10.

ove forward voltage measurement allowance tolerance is $\pm 0.1V$.

ove color coordinates measurement allowance tolerance is ± 0.005 . ± 0.005 .

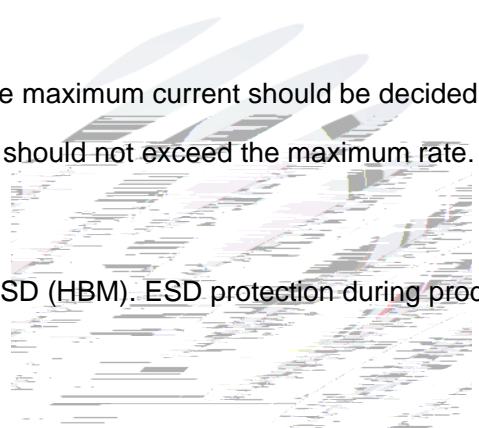
ove luminous intensity measurement allowance tolerance $\pm 10\%$.

to be taken that power dissipation does not exceed the absolute maximum rating of the product.

measurements were made under the standardized environment of Refond.

the LEDs are in operation the maximum current should be decided after measuring the package
 ature, junction temperature should not exceed the maximum rate. LED

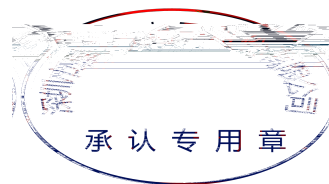
ield is over 90% at 2000V ESD (HBM). ESD protection during products handing is needed. 90% LED
 ESD2000V ,



**Range Of Forward Voltage and Luminous Intensity and Dominant
 length (IF=50mA) BIN (IF=50mA)**

Table 1-3

V _F V	C1 2.0-2.1	C2 2.1-2.2	D1 2.2-2.3	D2 2.3-2.4
------------------	---------------	---------------	---------------	---------------



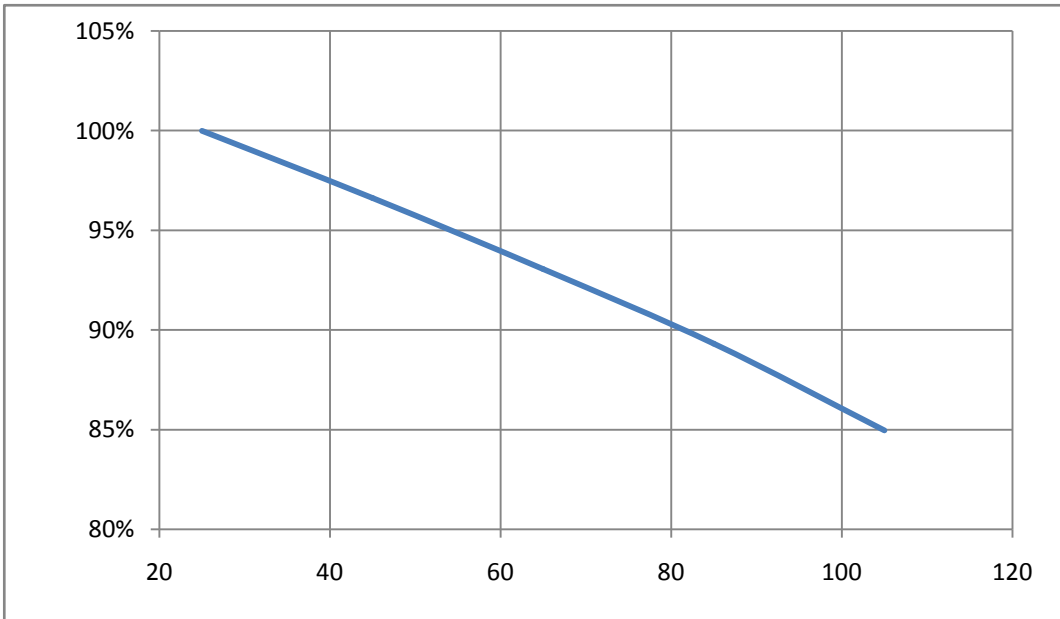


Fig. 1-9 Solder Temperature Vs Relative Intensity

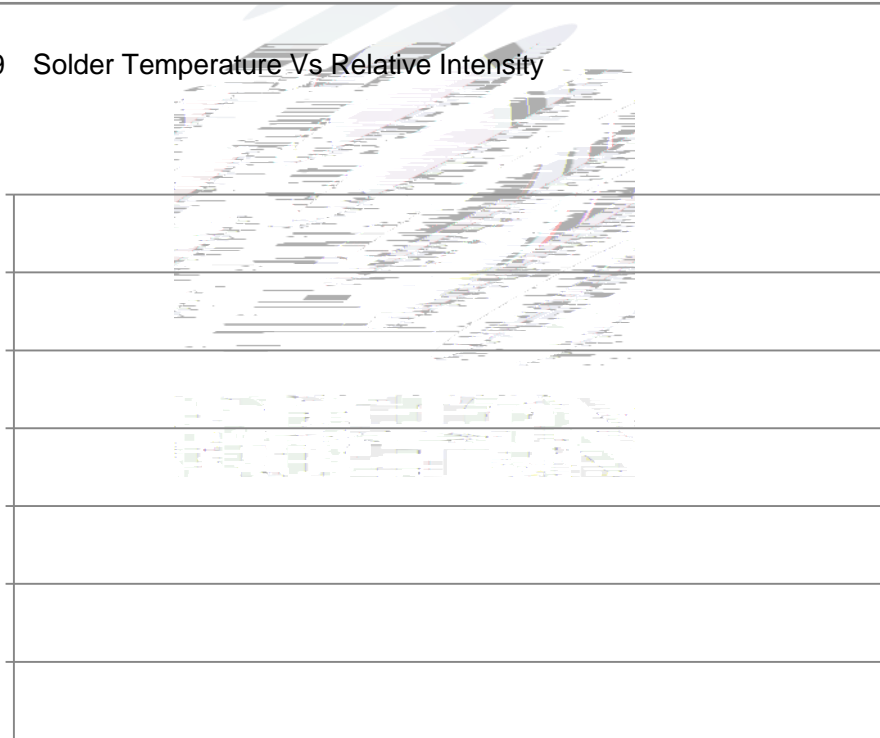


Fig. 1-10 Solder Temperature Vs Forward Current

Tj 115

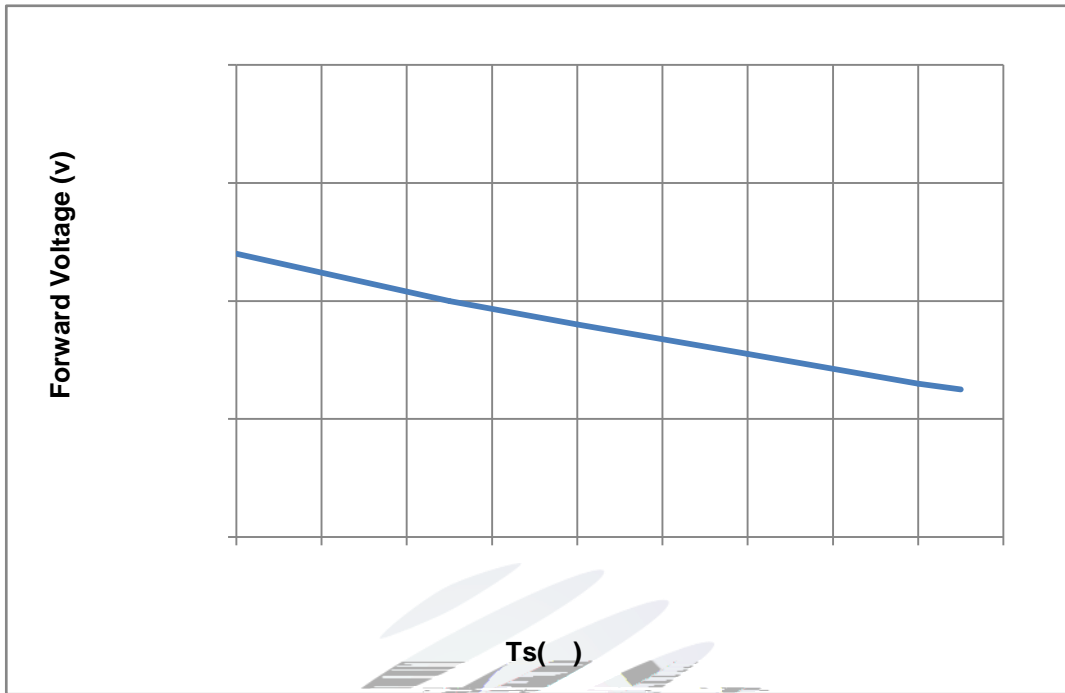


Fig. 1-11 Forward Voltage Vs Solder Temperature

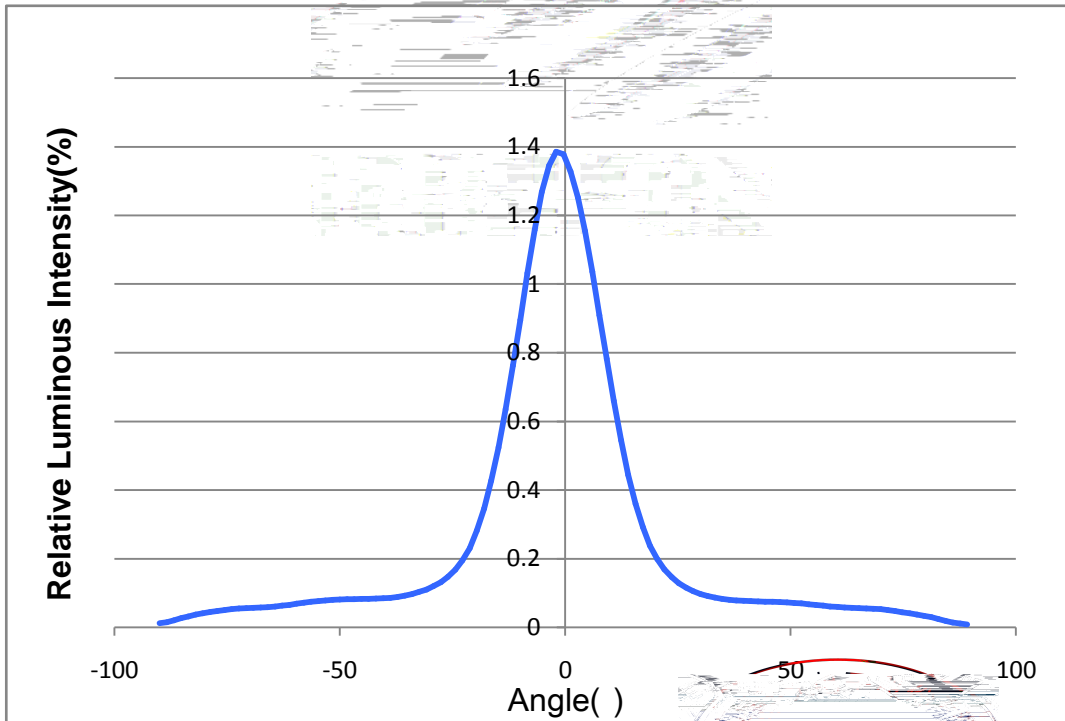
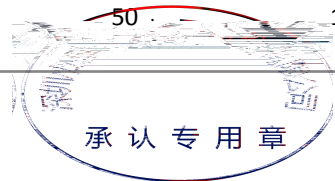


Fig. 1-12 Radiation diagram



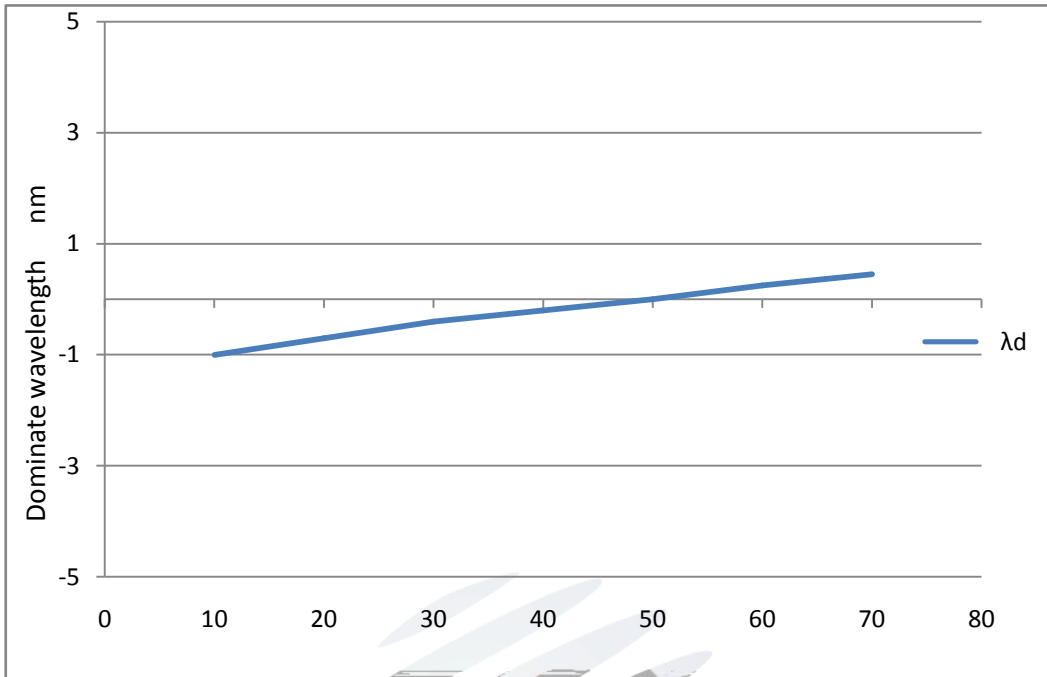


Fig. 1-13 Forward current vs. Dominate wavelength (Ts=25°C)

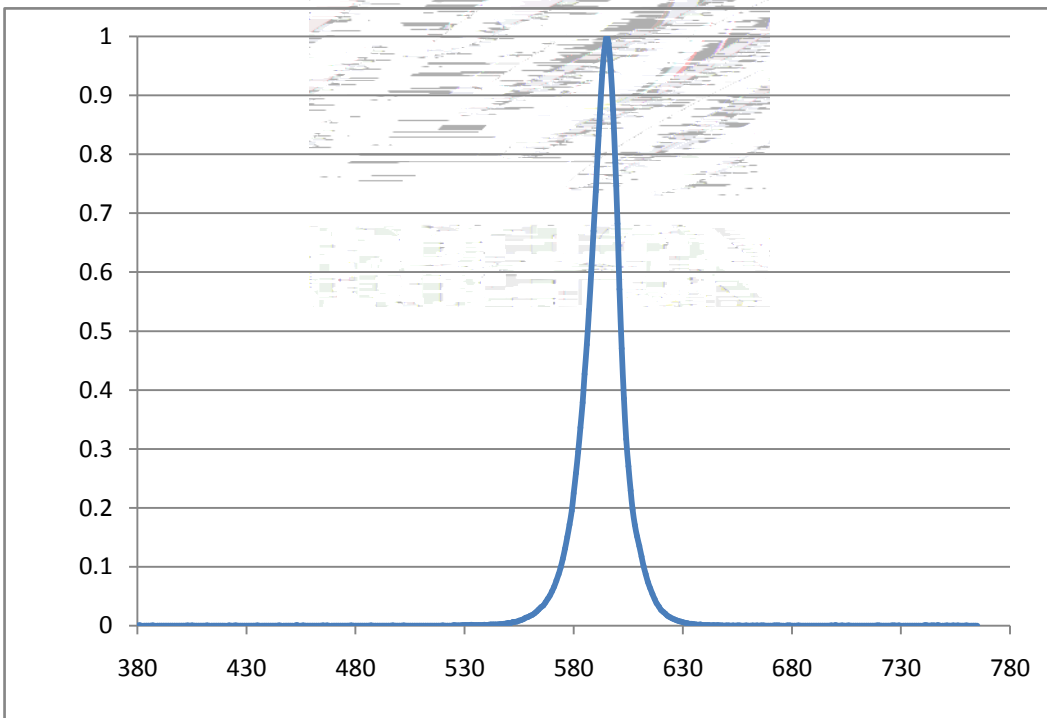
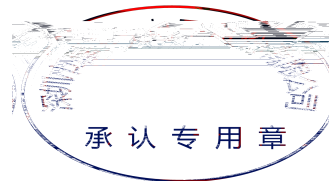


Fig. 1-14 Spectrum Distribution



2. Packaging

2.1 Packaging Specification

Package:2000pcs/reel. 2000pcs

2.1.1 Carrier Tape Dimension

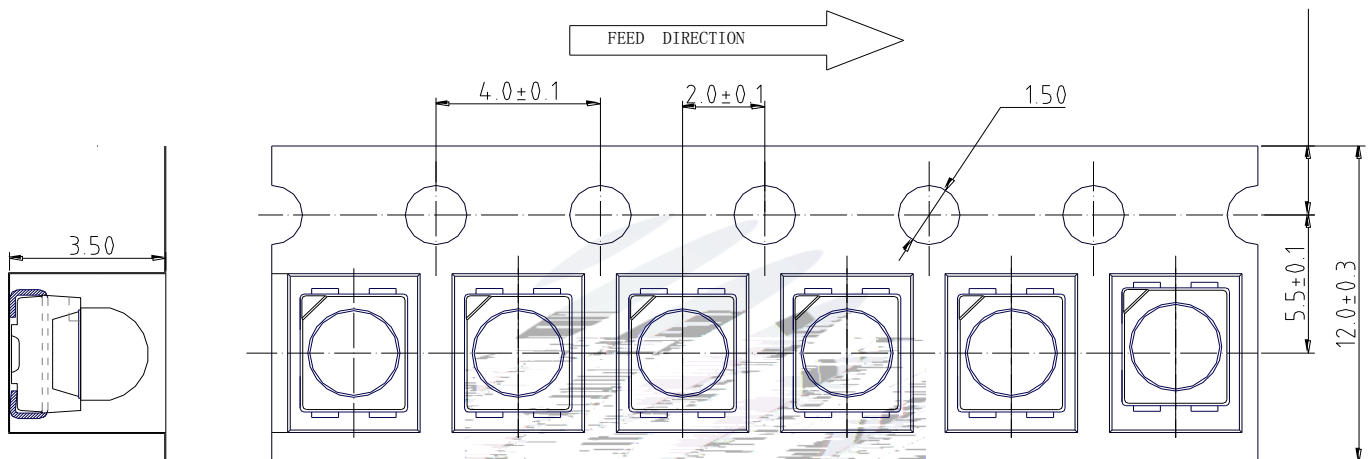


Fig.2-1 Carrier Tape Dimension

2.1.2 Reel Dimension

Table 2-1 Reel Tm8.81 T.101 ns3(sns)108(Ta

2.1.3 Label Form Specification

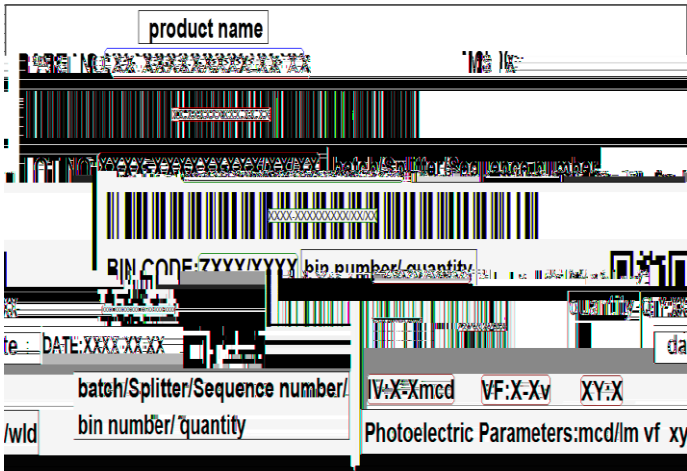


Fig. 2-3 Label

Table 2-2 Specification

PART NO.	Part Number
SPEC NO.	Spec Number
LOT NO.	Lot Number
BIN CODE	Bin Code
	Luminous flux
XY	Chromaticity Bin
V _F	Forward Voltage
WLD	Wavelength
QTY	Packing Quantity
DATE	Made Date

2.2 Moisture Resistant Packing

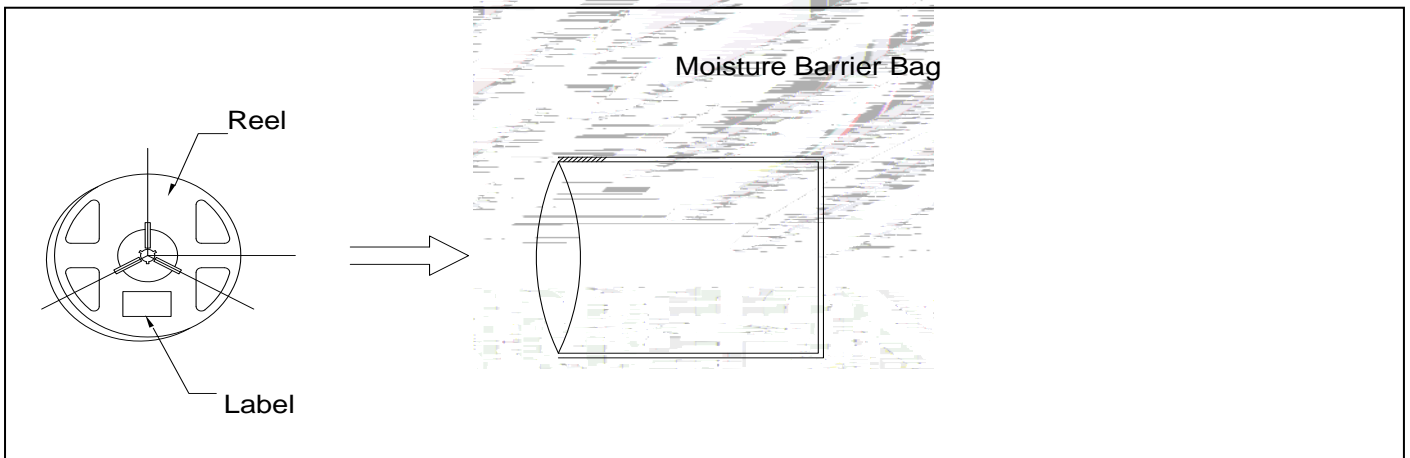
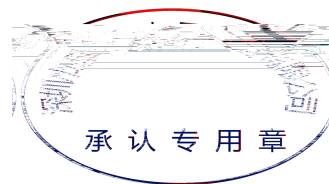
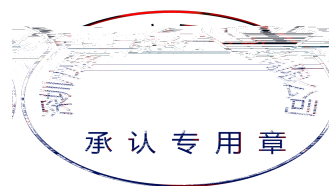


Fig.2-4Moisture Resistant Packing





High Temperature High Humidity Life Test	JESD22-A101	85 / 85%RH I _F =50mA	1000hrs.	20pcs.	0/1
Temperature Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	T _A =85 R _H =85%	1000hrs.	20pcs.	0/1

2.5 Criteria For Judging Damage

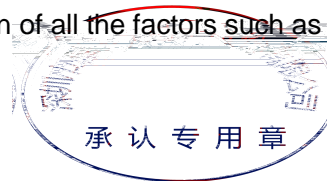
Table 2-4 Criteria For Judging Damage

Test Items	Symbol	Test Condition	Criteria For Judgement	
			Min.	Max.
Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F =50mA	-	U.S.L*)x1.1
Reverse Current	I _R	V _R = 5V	-	U.S.L*)x2.0
Luminous Flux		I _F =50mA	L.S.L*)x0.7	-

Notes

- 1.U.S.L: Upper standard level L.S.L: Lower standard level
- 2.The above reliability tests is based on the verification of a single/strip LED of Refond's existing experimental platform,the reliability experiment was taken under good heat dissipation conditions. when customers applies the LED to the series and parallel circuit, should take consideration of all the factors such as the current, voltage distribution, heat dissipation and others.

LED



LED

3.The technical information shown in the data sheets is limited to the typical characteristics and circuit examples of the referenced products. It does not constitute the warranting of industrial property nor the granting of any license.

3. SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT 回流焊说明

3.1SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT

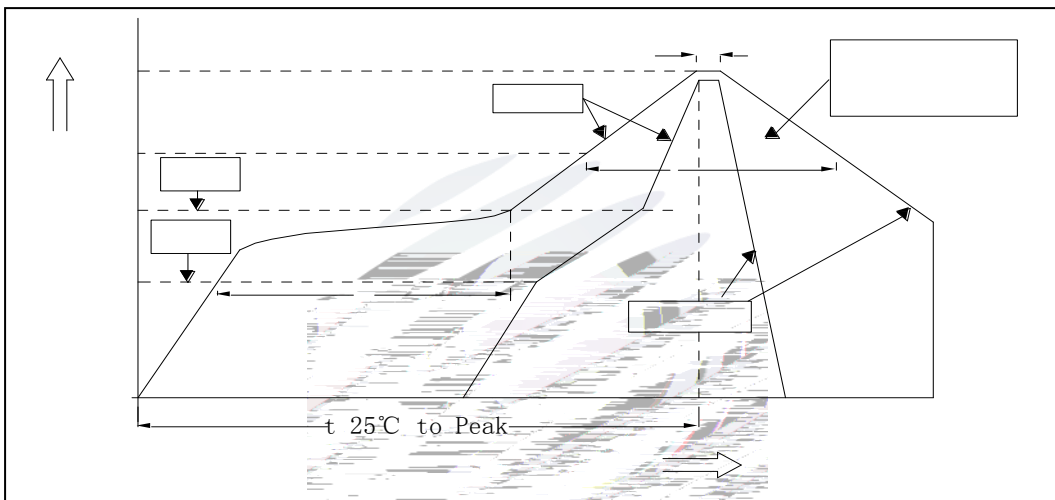
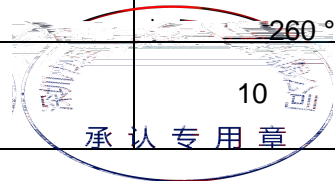


Fig.3-1SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT

Table 3-1Reflow parameters

Average temperature rise speed	T_{smax} T_P	3 °C/ Max 3 °C/ s
Preheating: minimum temperature	(T_{smin})	150 °C
Preheating: Max temperature	(T_{smax})	200 °C
Preheating: Time	T_{smin} T_{smax}	60 - 120 60s-120s
Time limited to maintain high temperature: the temperature	(T_L)	217 °C
Time limited to maintain high temperature: The Time	(t_L)	60 Max 60s
Peak /Classification of temperature:	/ (T_P)	260 °C
Time limit classification of peak temperature time	t_p	10 Max 10s



(T _P)	5 °C	Hold time within 5	30	Max 30s
C with the actual peak temperature (TP)				
Cooling speed			6 °C/	Max 6 °C/ s
25 °C	Needed time from 25 °C to T _p		8	Max 8 minutes

Notes

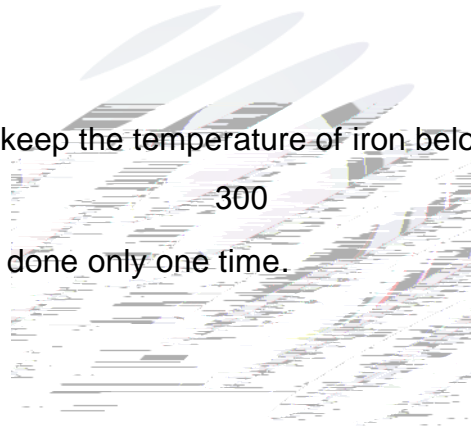
(1)Reflow soldering should not be done more than twice. If more than 24 hours between the two solderings ,LED will be damaged.

24 LED

(2)When soldering , do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

3.1.1 Soldering Iron

(1) When do soldering by hand, keep the temperature of iron below less 300°C less than 3 seconds.



(2) Soldering by hand should be done only one time.

3.1.2 Repairing

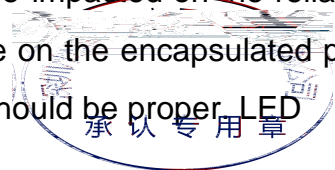
Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable,a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LEDs will or not be damaged by repairing.

LED

LED

3.1.3 Cautions

(1) The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be impacted on the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper.



LED

(2) Components should not be mounted on warped (non coplanar) portion of PCB. After soldering, do not warp the circuit board. LED PCB

(3) Do not apply mechanical force or excess vibration during the cooling process to normal temperature after soldering. Do not rapidly cool device after soldering.

4. Handling Precautions

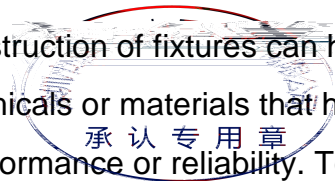
4.1 Handling Precautions

(1) LED operating environment and sulfur element composition cannot be over 100PPM in the LED mating usage material. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement. LED 100PPM.

(2) In order to prevent external material from getting into the inside of LED, which may cause the malfunction of LED, the single content of Bromine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the single content of Chlorine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the total content of Bromine element and Chlorine element in the external materials of the application products is required to be less than 1500PPM. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement. LED LED

900PPM 900PPM
1500PPM.

(3) VOCs (Volatile organic compounds) emitted from materials used in the construction of fixtures can penetrate silicone encapsulants of LEDs and discolor when exposed to heat and photonic energy. The result can be a significant loss of light output from the fixture. Knowledge of the properties of the materials selected to be used in the construction of fixtures can help prevent these issues. Refond advises against the use of any chemicals or materials that have been found or are suspected to have an adverse affect on device performance or reliability. To verify



compatibility, Refond recommends that all chemicals and materials be tested in the specific application and environment for which they are intended to be used. Attaching LEDs, do not use adhesives that outgas organic vapor. LED

LED

LED

LED

(4) Handle the component along the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools; Do not directly touch or Handle the silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry.

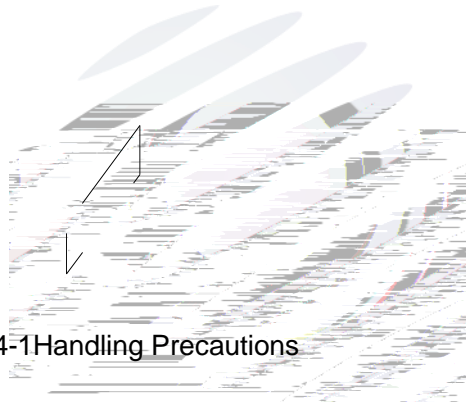


Fig 4-1 Handling Precautions

(5) In designing a circuit, the current through each LED can not exceed the absolute maximum rating specified for each LED. In the meanwhile, resistors for protection should be applied, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change, burn out may happen. The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF. If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage. LED

LED

(6) Thermal Design is paramount importance because heat generation may result in the Characteristics decline, such as brightness decreased, Color change and so on. Please consider the heat generation of the LEDs when making the system design. LED

LED



(7) Compared to standard encapsulants, silicone is generally softer, and the surface is more likely to attract dust, requiring special care during processing. In cases where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution must be applied to the surface after the soldering of components. Refond suggests using isopropyl alcohol for cleaning. In case other solvents are used, it must be assured that these solvents do not dissolve the package or resin. Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause damage to the LED.

LED

Table 4-1 Storage

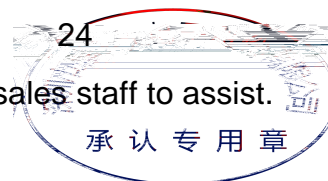
Conditions		Temperature	Humidity	Time
Storage	Before Opening Aluminum Bag	30	75%	Within 1 Year From Date
	After Opening Aluminum Bag	30	60%	Recommended for use within 24 hours 24
Baking		60 ± 5	-	24 hours 24

(8) If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed after unpacking and based on the following condition (65±5) °C for above 24 hours.

60 ± 5

24

If the package is flatulence or damaged, please notify the sales staff to assist.





Declare

This specification is written both in English and in Chinese and the latter is formal.

